- (1) Individuals between the ages of 5 and 17, inclusive; and
- (2) Children with disabilities, as defined in section 602(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401(a)(1)), who receive services under part B of that Act.

Secondary school. The term secondary school has the same meaning given the term in section 1471(21) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2891(21)).

Service-learning. The term service-learning means a method under which students or participants learn and develop through active participation in thoughtfully organized service that—

- (1) Is conducted in and meets the needs of a community;
- (2) Is coordinated with an elementary school, secondary school, institution of higher education, or community service program, and with the community;
 - (3) Helps foster civic responsibility;
- (4) Is integrated into and enhances the academic curriculum of the students or the educational components of the community service program in which the participants are enrolled; and
- (5) Includes structured time for the students and participants to reflect on the service experience.

Service-learning coordinator. The term service-learning coordinator means an individual trained in service-learning who identifies community partners for LEAs; assists in designing and implementing local partnerships service-learning programs; provides technical assistance and information to, and facilitates the training of, teachers; and provides other services for an LEA.

State. The term State means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands. The term also includes Palau, until the Compact of Free Association is ratified.

State Commission. The term State Commission means a State Commission on National and Community Service maintained by a State pursuant to section 178 of the Act. Except when used in section 178, the term includes an alternative administrative entity for a

State approved by the Corporation under that section to act in lieu of a State Commission.

State educational agency (SEA). The term State educational agency has the same meaning given that term in section 1471(23) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2891(23)).

Student. The term student means an individual who is enrolled in an elementary or secondary school or institution of higher education on a full-time or part-time basis.

Subdivision of a State. The term subdivision of a State means an governmental unit within a State other than a unit with Statewide responsibilities.

Subtitle C program. The term subtitle C program means an AmeriCorps program authorized and funded under subtitle C of the National and Community Service Act of 1990, as amended. (NCSA) (42 U.S.C. 12501 et seq.) It does not include demonstration programs, or other AmeriCorps programs, funded under subtitle H of the NCSA.

Target community. The term target community means the geographic community in which an AmeriCorps grant applicant intends to provide service to address an identified unmet human, educational, environmental, or public safety (including disaster-preparedness and response) need.

U.S. Territory. The term U.S. Territory means the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and Palau, until the Compact of Free Association with Palau is ratified.

[59 FR 13783, Mar. 23, 1994, as amended at 63 FR 18137, Apr. 14, 1998; 67 FR 45359, July 9, 2002; 70 FR 39596, July 8, 2005]

PART 2513—STATE PLAN: PURPOSE, APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS AND SELECTION CRITERIA

Sec

2513.10 Who must submit a State Plan? 2513.20 What are the purposes of a State Plan?

2513.30 What information must a State Plan contain?

2513.40 How will the State Plans be evalu-

AUTHORITY: 42 U.S.C. 12501 et seq.

§ 2513.10

SOURCE: 59 FR 13785, Mar. 23, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 2513.10 Who must submit a State Plan?

The fifty States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico, through a Corporation-approved State Commission, Alternative Administrative Entity, or Transitional Entity must submit a comprehensive national and community service plan ("State Plan") in order to apply to the Corporation for support under parts 2515 through 2524 of this chapter.

§ 2513.20 What are the purposes of a State Plan?

The purposes of the State Plan are: (a) To set forth the State's plan for promoting national and community service and strengthening its service infrastructure, including how Corporation-funded programs fit into the plan;

- (b) To establish specific priorities and goals that advance the State's plan for strengthening its service program infrastructure and to specify strategies for achieving the stated goals;
- (c) To inform the Corporation of the relevant historical background of the State's infrastructure for supporting national and community service and other volunteer opportunities, as well as the current status of such infrastructure;
- (d) To assist the Corporation in making decisions on applications to receive formula and competitive funding under §2521.30 of this chapter and to assist the Corporation in assessing a State's application for renewal funding for State administrative funds as provided in part 2550 of this chapter; and
- (e) To serve as a working document that forms the basis of on-going dialogue between the State and the Corporation and which is subject to modifications as circumstances require.

§ 2513.30 What information must a State Plan contain?

The State Plan must include the following information: (a) An overview of a State's experience in coordinating and supporting the network of service programs within the State that address educational, public safety, human, and environmental needs, including, where

appropriate, a description of specific service programs. This overview should encompass programs that have operated independently of and/or without financial support from the State;

- (b) A description of the State's priorities and vision for strengthening the service program infrastructure, including how programs proposed for Corporation funding fit into this vision. The plan should also describe how State priorities relate to any national priorities established by the Corporation:
- (c) A description of the goals established to advance the State's plan, including the strategies for achieving such goals. With respect to technical assistance activities (if any) and programs proposed to be funded by the Corporation, the plan should describe how such activities and programs will be coordinated with other service programs within the State. The plan should also describe the manner and extent to which the proposed programs will build on existing programs, including Corporation programs such as both the K-12 and Higher Education components of the Learn and Serve America program, and programs funded under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act and other programs:
- (d) A description of the extent to which the State entity has coordinated its efforts with the State educational agency (SEA) in the SEA's application for school-based service learning funds;
- (e) A description of how the State reached out to a broad cross-section of individuals and organizations to obtain their participation in the development of the State plan, including a discussion of the types of organizations and individuals who were actually involved in the process and the manner and extent of their involvement; and
- (f) Such other information as the Corporation may reasonably require.

§ 2513.40 How will the State Plans be evaluated?

State plans will be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria:

(a) The quality of the plan as evidenced by: (1) The development and quality of realistic goals and objectives for moving service ahead in the State;

- (2) The extent to which proposed strategies can reasonably be expected to accomplish stated goals:
- (3) The extent of input in the development of the State plan from a broad cross-section of individuals and organizations including community-based agencies; organizations with a demonstrated record of providing educational, public safety, human, or environmental services; residents of the State, including youth and other prospective participants, State Education Agencies; traditional service organizations; and labor unions;
- (b) The sustainability of the national service efforts outlined in the plan, as evidenced by the extent to which they are supported by: (1) The State, through financial, in-kind, and bi-partisan political support, including the existence of supportive legislation; and
- (2) Other support, including the financial, in-kind, and other support of the private sector, foundations, and other entities and individuals; and
- (c) Such other criteria as the Corporation deems necessary.

PART 2515—SERVICE-LEARNING PROGRAM PURPOSES

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 12501 $et\ seq.$

§ 2515.10 What are the service-learning programs of the Corporation for National and Community Service?

- (a) There are three service-learning programs: (1) School-based programs, described in part 2516 of this chapter.
- (2) Community-based programs, described in part 2517 of this chapter.
- (3) Higher education programs, described in part 2519 of this chapter.
- (b) Each program gives participants the opportunity to learn and develop their own capabilities through servicelearning, while addressing needs in the community.

[59 FR 13786, Mar. 23, 1994]

PART 2516—SCHOOL-BASED SERVICE-LEARNING PROGRAMS

Subpart A—Eligibility To Apply

Sec

2516.100 Who may apply for a direct grant from the Corporation?

2516.110 Who may apply for a subgrant from a Corporation grantee?

Subpart B—Use of Grant Funds

2516.200 How may grant funds be used?

Subpart C—Eligibility To Participate

2516.300 Who may participate in a school-based service-learning program?

2516.310 May private school students participate?

2516.320 Is a participant eligible to receive an AmeriCorps educational award?

Subpart D—Application Contents

2516.400 What must a State or Indian tribe include in an application for a grant?

2516.410 What must a grantmaking entity, local partnership, or LEA include in an application for a grant?

2516.420 What must an LEA, local partnership, or qualified organization include in an application for a subgrant?

Subpart E—Application Review

2516.500 How does the Corporation review the merits of an application?

2516.510 What happens if the Corporation rejects a State's application for an allotment grant?

2516.520 How does a State, Indian tribe, or grantmaking entity review the merits of an application?

Subpart F—Distribution of Funds

Subpart G—Funding Requirements

2516.700 Are matching funds required?

2516.710 Are there limits on the use of funds?

2516.720 What is the length of each type of grant?

2516.730 May an applicant submit more than one application to the Corporation for the same project at the same time?

Subpart H—Evaluation Requirements

2516.800 What are the purposes of an evaluation?